Non-functional ATMs of State Bank of Indore

4690. SHRI LALIT SURI : Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) the branches of State Bank of Indore in Delhi having ATMs (Automatic Teller Machines);

(b) whether it is a fact that at some branches, ATMs become non-functional frequently, thereby causing inconvenience to the users;

(c) the branches where ATMs remained non-functional with the durations thereof during the last one year ending 16th April, 2003 alongwith the reasons therefor; and

(d) whether action has been taken against the agency responsible for its maintenance, if so, the details thereof and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI ANANDRAO VITHOBA ADSUL): (a) State Bank of Indore has reported that they have 2 ATMs at their Green Park and Janakpuri Branch in Delhi.

(b) and (c) After getting fully operational, these ATMs are functioning properly till date, except some technical snag which was developed in the ATM at Janakpuri Branch during the period from 5-4-2003 to 15-4-2003 and was attended to and restored.

(d) The bank has taken up the matter strongly with the maintenance agencies pointing out the need for improving their service support and are monitoring satisfactory availability of ATM service at branches.

Housing scheme for senior citizens from LIC

4691. MISS MABEL REBELLO :

SHRI B. J. PANDA:

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state :

(a) whether Government are aware of LIC's scheme of 'Housing for senior citizens';

(b) if so, what are the details thereof; and

(c) by when such a residential complex for senior citizens will be built in Delhi?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI ANANDRAO VITHOBA ADSUL): (a) to (c) The Life Insurance Corporation of India (LIC) have informed that the LICHFL Care

Homes Limited is a Public Limited Company registered under Indian Companies Act, 1956, with the main objective of carrying on the business of setting up, running and maintaining assisted living Community Centres/Community Care Homes in any part of the country. The LIC have also informed that the project "Housing for senior citizens" including Delhi project has not yet been finalised by the LICHFL Care Homes Limited.

Demand-supply imbalance in infrastructure services

4692. DR. M.N. DAS :
DR. T. SUBBARAMI REDDY :

Will the Minister of FINANCE be pleased to state:

(a) whether persisting and growing demand-supply imbalances in infrastructure services continues to cast shadow on industrial performance;

(b) if so, whether according to the Reserve Bank of India Currency and Finance Report for 2001-02, supply declined to 2.6 per cent of gross domestic product during the 1990s from 2.9 per cent during the preceding decade;

(c) if so, what are the main reasons for the same; and

(d) what steps Government propose to take to improve the situation?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI ANANDRAO VITHOBA ADSUL) : (a) As per the analysis made by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) on infrastructure constraints on industrial performance, and published in their Report on currency and Finance 2001-02, industry continues to be hampered by physical infrastructure bottlenecks with the demand-supply imbalance the persisting and growing during the 1990s. The higher cost of operations of certain services such as power, Railways and shipment has spilled over to the manufacturing sector in the form of high input costs.

(b) As per the National Accounts Statistics, Central Statistical Organisation Government of India, the real gross capital formation as a per cent of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in electricity, gas and water supply sector has declined to 2.6 per cent during 1990s from 2.9 per cent during 1980's and real gross capital formation in infrastructure sectors as per cent of GDP has declined to 5.8 per cent during 1990's from 6.1 per cent during 1980's.

(c) The decline in real gross capital formation in infrastructure sectors is attributable amongst others to insufficient resource mobilization by public